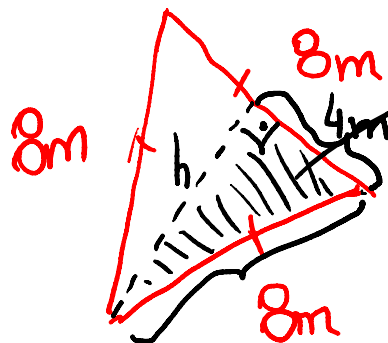


Altura de um triângulo equilátero:



Pitágoras: $a^2 = b^2 + c^2$

$$8^2 = 4^2 + h^2$$

$$64 = 16 + h^2$$

$$64 - 16 = h^2$$

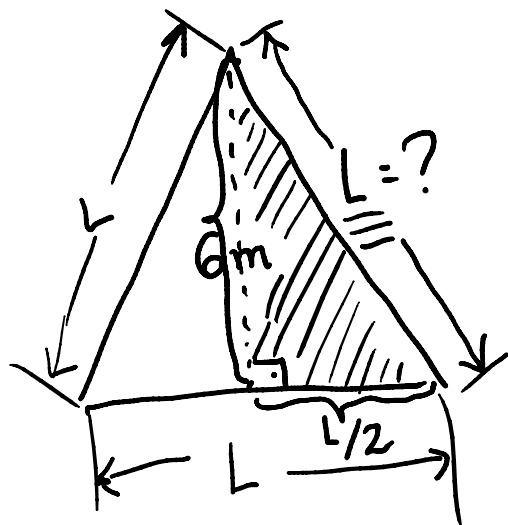
$$48 = h^2$$

$$\sqrt{48} = h$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 48 & 2 \diagdown (2) \\ 24 & 2 \diagdown (2) \\ 12 & 2 \diagdown (2) \\ 6 & 2 \diagdown (2) \\ 3 & 3 \checkmark \\ 1 & \end{array}$$

$$h = 4\sqrt{3}$$





$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2$$

$$L^2 = 6^2 + \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^2$$

$$\frac{4}{1} L^2 = \frac{36}{1} + \frac{L^2}{4}$$

$$mmc = 4$$

$$4L^2 = 144 + L^2$$

$$4L^2 - L^2 = 144$$

$$3L^2 = 144$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 144 & 3 \\ \hline 24 & 48 \\ \hline 0 & \end{array}$$

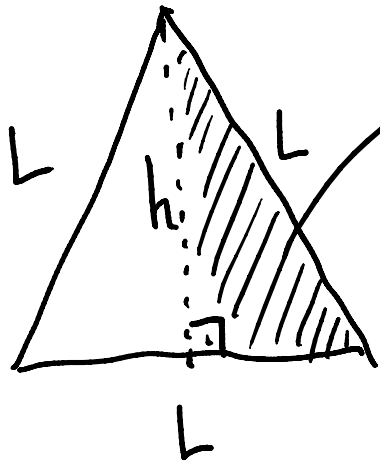
$$L^2 = \frac{144}{3}$$

$$L^2 = 48$$

$$L = \sqrt{48}$$

$$\boxed{L = 4\sqrt{3} \text{ m}}$$

$$\sqrt{L^2} = L$$



$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2$$

$$L^2 = h^2 + \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^2$$

$$\frac{4}{1} L^2 = \frac{4}{1} h^2 + \frac{1}{4} L^2 \quad \text{mmc} = 4$$

$$4L^2 = 4h^2 + L^2$$

$$4L^2 - L^2 = 4h^2$$

$$3L^2 = 4h^2$$

$$\frac{3L^2}{4} = h^2$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{3L^2}{4}} = h$$

$$h = \frac{L\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



$$d = L\sqrt{2}$$

$$h = \frac{l\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$h = \frac{8\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$h = 4\sqrt{3} \text{ m}$$

ENEM

$$h = \frac{l\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

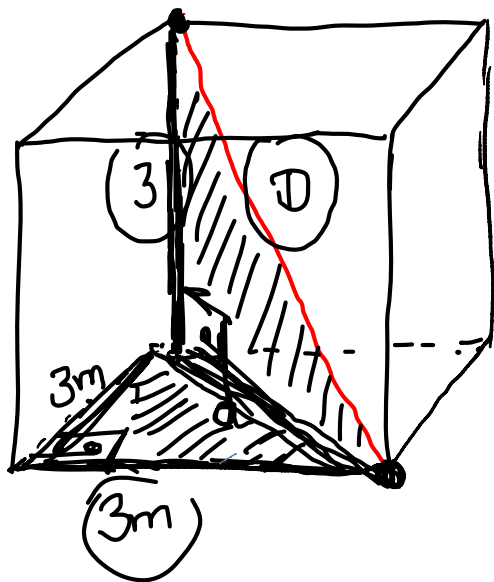
$$6 = \frac{l\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$12 = l\sqrt{3}$$

$$l = \frac{12}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$l = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$l = 4\sqrt{3} \text{ m}$$



Cubo → Hexaedro Regular

Pitágoras no Azul.

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2$$

$$d^2 = 3^2 + 3^2$$

$$d^2 = 9 + 9$$

$$d^2 = 18$$

$$d = \sqrt{18}$$

$$d = \sqrt{9 \cdot 2} = \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$$d = 3\sqrt{2}m$$

Pitágoras no
Δ verde:

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2$$

$$D^2 = d^2 + 3^2$$

$$D^2 = 18 + 9$$

$$D^2 = 27$$

$$D = \sqrt{27}$$

$$D = \sqrt{9 \cdot 3}$$

$$D = 3\sqrt{3}m$$

DIAGONAL DO WBO = ?

$$d = l\sqrt{2}$$

$$D = a\sqrt{3}$$

$$(3\sqrt{2})^2 = 9 \cdot 2 = 18 //$$

